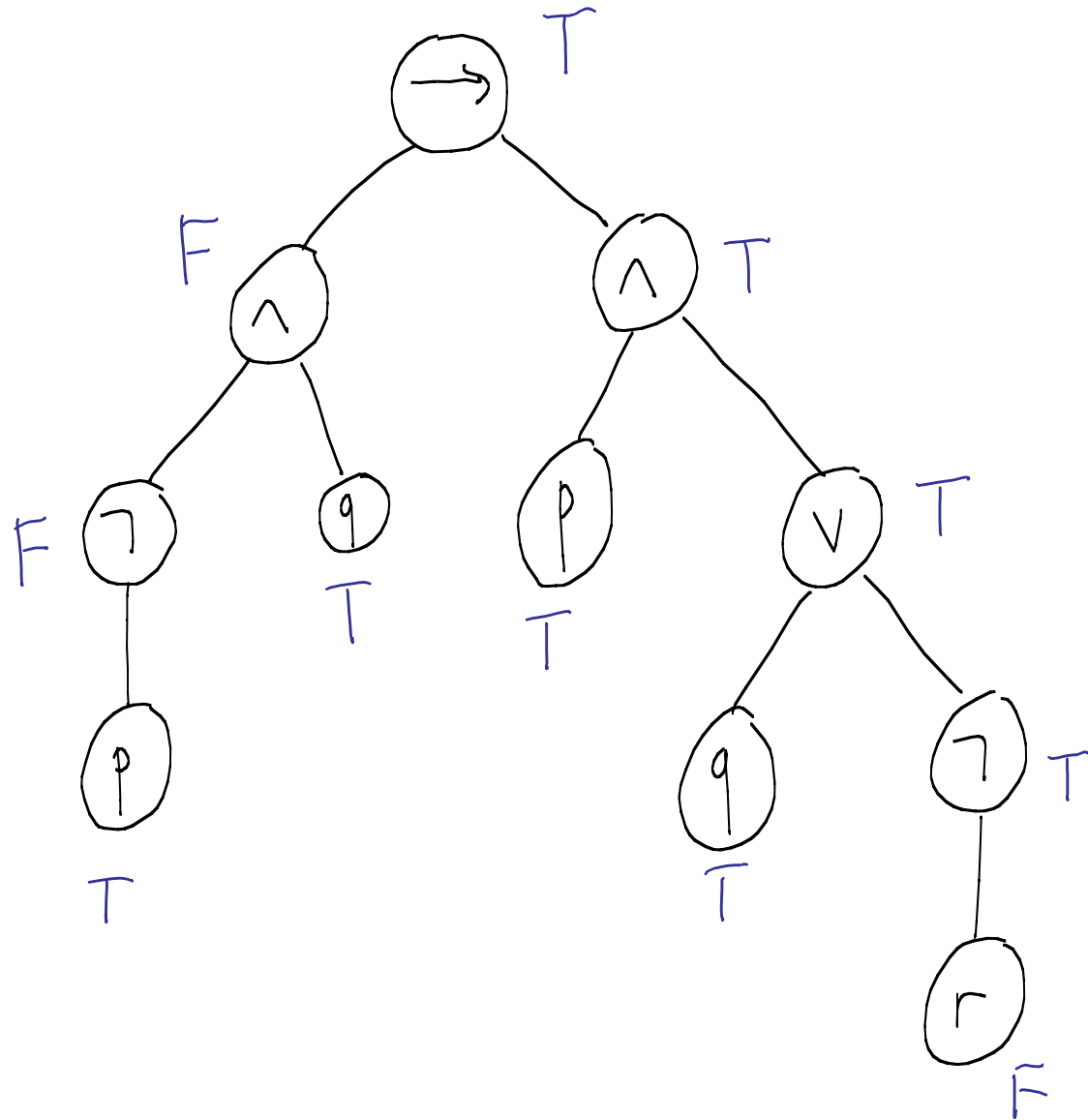


$$\left(\left((\neg p) \wedge q \right) \rightarrow \left(p \wedge (q \vee (\neg r)) \right) \right)$$



p	q	$(p \rightarrow \neg q) \rightarrow (q \vee \neg p)$				
F	F	T	T	T	T	T
F	T	T	F	T	T	T
T	F	T	T	F	F	F
T	T	F	F	T	T	F

p	q	$p \wedge q$	\vDash	p
F	F	F		F
F	T	F		F
T	F	F		T
T	T	T		T

← valid semantic entailment

1 $p \wedge q$ premise

2 p $\wedge e, 1$

$p \wedge q \vdash p$

Alternatively, $p \wedge q \vDash p$
is valid by the Soundness Th.

p	q	$p \rightarrow q$	$\vDash q$
F	F	T	F
F	T	T	T
T	F	F	F
T	T	T	T



semantic entailment
not valid

Therefore, by the Soundness Th.,

$p \rightarrow q \vdash q$ is not provable!

p	q	$p \rightarrow q$	$\neg q$	$p \wedge \neg q$	\perp
F	F	T	T	F	F
F	T	T	F	F	F
T	F	F	T	T	F
T	T	T	F	F	F

Valid

semantic

entailment!

Therefore, $p \rightarrow q, \neg q, p \vdash \perp$

is provable by the Completeness Th.

p	q	$p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow p)$
F	F	T
F	T	T
T	F	T
T	T	T

$$\neg p, \neg q \vdash p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow p)$$

$$\neg p, q \vdash p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow p)$$

$$p, \neg q \vdash p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow p)$$

$$p, q \vdash p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow p)$$